

Simple Sentence

one *independent* clause (subject + predicate)

Ex: Sara plays sports.

She plays sports and excels at soccer.

Compound Sentence

two or more *independent* clauses; joined by coordinating conjunction or semicolon

Ex: Jill is a good student, and her favorite subject is history.

Jack and Jill went to the store, but they forgot to buy pencils.

They missed class; however, they came in before school to get their assignments.

Complex Sentence

one *independent* clause + one or more *dependent* clauses

Ex: Sweat ran down Jim's face while he ran the cross country race.

Because he didn't stretch before the race, Jim pulled a muscle while running.

Compound-Complex Sentence

two *independent* clauses + one or more *dependent* clauses

Ex: When they won the competition, the team celebrated, and the coach smiled broadly.

They invited John to join the team, and although he wanted to accept, he could not.

Coordinating Conjunctions

join two words, phrases, or clauses

for

and

nor

but

or

yet

so

Subordinating Conjunctions

introduce a dependent clause

after

unless

since

before

if

once

when

than

though

until

because

while

although

as if

so that

that

as

in order that

where

even though