

Coordinating Conjunctions
join two words, phrases, or clauses

for and nor but or yet so

Ex: She plays sports **and** excels at soccer.
 She is a good student, **and** her favorite subject is history.
 Jack **and** Jill went to the store, **but** they forget to buy milk.
 They are thoughtful **but** are also forgetful.

Subordinating Conjunctions
introduce a dependent clause

after	if	though	although	as
unless	once	until	as if	in order that
since	when	because	so that	where
before	than	while	that	even though

Ex: **Although** the story was not long, it was dull and boring.
 Sweat ran down my face **while** I ran the marathon.

Conjunctive Adverbs
introduce an independent clause

also	indeed	now	anyway	instead
otherwise	besides	likewise	similarly	certainly
meanwhile	still	finally	moreover	then
furthermore	namely	therefore	however	next
nevertheless	incidentally	thus	undoubtedly	

Ex: Some of these problems could occur at any company;
 however, many could happen only here.
 I walked to the store. **Then**, I walked home.